

For Rent!

Choice of three good office rooms over Douglas & Simmons' hardware store, Main St. Also very desirable eight-room residence, with modern conveniences.

GRIGGSBY & MUNCEY.

EASTERN KENTUCKY REAL ESTATE AND COLLECTION AGENCY.

R. LEE DAVIS, . . . Manager.

Farm, Mineral and Timber Lands bought and sold on commission.

Accounts in and out of the City taken for Collection.

Write, or call on me for further particulars.

111 E. 10th St., Moberly Building, Richmond, Ky.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

ATTORNEYS.

R. E. ROBERTS,

440 HENRY AT-LAW,

RICHMOND, KENTUCKY.

Office in Moberly Building.

W. G. MILLER,

ATTORNEY AT-LAW,

Richmond, Ky.

Office in Moberly Building.

J. A. SULLIVAN,

ATTORNEY AT-LAW,

Richmond, Ky.

Office over Taylor's Hardware store, opposite Court House, on Main Street.

W. R. HOGG,

ATTORNEY AT-LAW,

Richmond, Ky.

Office on Second Street, over Chen's grocery.

W. R. LETCHER,

ATTORNEY AT-LAW,

Richmond, Ky.

Office with T. L. Smith, Jr., over Washington Hotel.

T. C. Lowry,

ATTORNEY AT-LAW,

Richmond, Ky.

Office on Second Street, over Chen's grocery.

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. GIBSON, & GIBSON,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Richmond, Ky.

Office in the Hotel building, 101 and 102 Second Street, over White's drug store.

CHAS. HOOKER,

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Graduate Ontario Veterinary College.

Secretary Dentistry and Sterility a Specialty.

Office on 10th Street, over store recently acquired by Richmond Harness Co. East 10th St. 447-17.

H. C. JASPER, M. D.

Medicine and Surgery.

Office—Pratt Building, Main Street.

Telephone at residence (the Carr place) on Broadway.

Richmond, Ky.

G. W. EVANS, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Richmond, Ky.

Office in the Hotel building, 101 and 102 Second Street, over White's drug store.

DR. T. J. TAYLOR,

Practitioner in Medicine and Surgery,

Richmond, Ky.

Office and residence on Second Street.

DENTAL SURGERY.

Dr. Valentine H. Hobson,

DENTIST,

Office next door to Government Building, Richmond, Ky. Office hours—9 to 12-1 to 4.

DR. FRED SMITH,

DENTIST.

Office, over Collins' Grocery, same office lately occupied by Dr. W. W. Buzell.

Dr. Louis H. Landman

No. 50 West Ninth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Will be at the Hotel Zimmer, Richmond, Ky., on

FRIDAY, OCT. 11, 1899,

returning every second Wednesday on each month. Reference every physician of Richmond, Ky.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway.

Time of Trains at Winchester, Ky.

WINDOW GLASS

COLD WEATHER IS NOW upon us. So now is the time to put in your GLASS and keep out the cold. We have a very large stock of Glass bought before the large advance in prices. We are therefore able to make you very low prices whilst our stock of sizes are complete.

DON'T forget our WALL PAPER for FIVE CENTS on up in price. Our Mixed PAINTS \$1.10 per gallon. WINDOW SHADES TEN CENTS on up. Neat PICTURE FRAMES, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS.

Picture Frames, Wall Paper, Window Shades, Mouldings, Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes.

STOCK THE LARGEST, PRICES THE LOWEST.

Geo. M. Willoughby,

309 W. Main Street,

Richmond, Ky.

Dr. R. Goldstein,

The Optic Specialist,

No. 541 Fourth Avenue, Louisville, will be at the Otyndon Hotel, Richmond,

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 1st,

returning one day each month. Eyes examined and glasses scientifically adjusted.

PURITY OF TONE,

combined with great range and power are some of the strong points of the Comover, Schubert, Kingsbury and Crescent Pianos.

Being an Instrument

of very solid construction it is recommended to those who desire durability as well as a handsome appearance and fine finish.

We have several styles. Some in Mahogany, Rosewood, etc. Prices range from \$225.00 up. Easy payments.

HARDING & RIEHM,

H. G. KENT, AGENT,

RICHMOND, KY.

Take My Advice!

Go to F. J. Yeager's jewelry store about that Eye Trouble of yours. Do it without

SPECTACLES OR EYEGLASSES

or wearing those not suited to you are equally injurious in certain cases.

WE'LL EXAMINE YOUR EYES

free of charge, and tell you whether you need glasses. We have all styles and prices, and know we can please you, whether you buy or not.

F. J. YEAGER,

No. 28, 21 St.

Richmond, Ky.

ANOTHER LOT

of hard-to-break

CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE

has arrived and the wise housekeeper will not miss the opportunity to buy when every article has the durability of the best of the ordinary kind.

This is Queensware worthy of the name. It is high quality clean through. Don't these prices excite a well-

known fact? Prices 25 to 50c per doz. Glass Tumblers, 25, 30, 50, 60c and \$1 per doz.

E. Deatherage & Co.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR, HON. WILLIAM GOEBEL, OF KENTON COUNTY.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR, J. C. W. HECKAM, OF NELSON COUNTY.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL, H. A. CRICKET, OF BOYLE COUNTY.

FOR AUDITOR, GUS COULTER, OF GRAYSON COUNTY.

FOR TREASURER, S. W. HARTER, OF BOYD COUNTY.

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE, CALEB BRECKINRIDGE HILL, OF CLARK COUNTY.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF AGRICULTURE, I. N. NALL, OF JEFFERSON COUNTY.

FOR SUP'T. OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION, H. V. MOCHESNEY, OF LIVINGSTON COUNTY.

FOR RAILROAD COMMISSIONER, 3d DIST. COL. A. W. HAMILTON, OF MT. STERLING.

FOR REPRESENTATIVE, HON. W. W. COMBS, MADISON COUNTY.

FOR COUNTY JUDGE, N. B. COY.

ANNOUNCEMENT

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce ARCH RAVENHILL for County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce C. M. RAYBURN a candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce D. R. TEVIS a candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce M. MILLER a candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JESSE COBB a candidate for County Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce JOHN P. WAGNER a candidate for Sheriff of Madison county—subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JOHN W. BALLARD, of White Station, a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce MARTIN OESTRY a candidate for Sheriff of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR ASSASSOR.

We are authorized to announce JOE OLDHAM a candidate for Assessor of Madison county—subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JAS. L. PARKER a candidate for Assessor of Madison county—subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE MOORE a candidate for Assessor of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce G. W. DEATHERAGE a candidate for Assessor of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce RUD DUNN of the Glade District, a candidate for Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce JAMES C. LACKNEY a candidate for Jailer of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce PETER O. PARKER a candidate for Jailer of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JACK ROSS a candidate for Jailer of Madison county, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce F. J. PERKINS a candidate for Jailer, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR CHIEF OF POLICE.

We are authorized to announce EVERETT PARKER for Chief of Police for the City of Richmond, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. H. ALLWELL a candidate for Chief of Police, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce J. D. PEENEY a candidate for Chief of Police of Richmond, Ky., subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNCILMAN.

We are authorized to announce CHARLES JACOBI a candidate for Councilman in the Court House Precinct, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce DR. H. H. ROSSON a candidate for Councilman from the Court House Precinct, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce C. A. TAYLOR a candidate for Councilman in the Court House Precinct, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce C. H. WELLS for Councilman from the City Hall precinct, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JAMES B. STOFFER a candidate for Councilman from the University Precinct subject to the action of the Democratic party.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

The following are a few of the thousands of expressions favorable to next Governor Goebel. Nearly half of them are from persons of prominence. All the expressions are from prominent men. Every man who knows Mr. Goebel well does not hesitate to endorse him. It is only the corporation controlled newspapers and a few people whom they have misled that are opposing him. Read these expressions of praise and admiration:

I love Goebel for the enemies he has made. Hon. E. H. Threlkeld, Owensboro, Ky.

I am for Goebel and shall vote for him. Rev. J. W. Oliver, Union county.

Ben Perkins is the only bolter in Todd county. Hon. R. T. Daniel, Elkton, Ky.

There are no bolters in Garrard county. Hon. J. M. Logan, Lancaster, Ky.

Cass county is going strong for Goebel. Rev. R. B. Mahoney, Stanford, Ky.

I know William Goebel. He is a man to trust. Rev. T. W. Tibbs, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Goebel will carry Simpson county by 500 majority. John Durham, Franklin, Ky.

I am for Goebel for Governor, against the world, the flesh and the devil. Rev. R. L. West.

I am for Goebel and want to see him elected Governor. Rev. W. F. Taylor, Shelbyville, Ky.

I think Goebel is a great man and will take pleasure in voting for him. Rev. W. S. Payne.

By actual count there are only four bolters in all Carter county. Judge E. B. Willott, Grayson, Ky.

Yea, I am for Goebel, because he is the friend of the oppressed. Rev. William Stanley, Danville, Ky.

Set me down for Goebel. Rev. Charles Nourse, pastor Southern Presbyterian church, Princeton, Ky.

I regard Goebel as the ablest Democrat in Kentucky, and I am for him. Rev. E. Petty, Williamstown, Ky.

There is nothing in it but Goebel. The way we'll win will be a wonder. Col. Morgan, Harrodsburg, Ky.

If we win in Kentucky I would vote for Senator Goebel good and strong. Hon. W. A. Carter, Paris, Tennessee.

The Democrats of Pulaski are solid for

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Makes the food more delicious and wholesome

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ALMOST HERE.

The Coming of the World's Greatest Amusement Enterprise.

The deal walls of the city and also of the country for miles around have been covered with highly colored posters announcing the forthcoming visit of the famous Adam Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' combined circuses, menageries and hippodromes. The date of the exhibition in this city is Monday Oct. 18.

With the visit of this aggregation of the people of this city will be afforded an opportunity of witnessing the performances of the world's really greatest tented enterprise, and in fact the only big circus now in America. The Harp and Banjo Show, which has long occupied first place in the hearts of the people of this section of the country, has gone from them, being now a fixed British institution. The Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' circus is intended to be its worthy successor. Mr. James A. Bailey, the Napoleon of the arena world, has intended it as such, and has been the moving spirit in the greatest consolidation of circus interests that the world has ever known.

The directors and operators of the Forepaugh and Sells Brothers' combined circuses are, James A. Bailey, Peter and Lewis Sells and W. W. Cole. All of them are to be seen in this city, and their door announcements, James A. Bailey needs no introduction; Peter and Lewis Sells are the Barons of the business west of the Alleghenies; W. W. Cole once a great factor in circus management in this country, but has recently returned from abroad, where he has astonished the natives of Vienna, Berlin and Paris with an exhibition of American ingenuity in so far as relates to the exploitation of circuses. He has again taken up the reins of management where he left off ten years ago. The publication of the names of the sponsors of the forthcoming exhibition should be sufficient guarantee of its merit.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25c at Perry & Thomas' Drug Store.

MARRIED.

MOFFETT-McFADDEN.—Finding that it is not well for man to live alone, Rev. A. S. Moffett, late pastor of the Presbyterian church here and now of Lebanon, was married to Miss Mary McFadden, of this city, Wednesday last. The wedding was a great surprise to his friends. Harry Moffett, son of the groom, who was here yesterday, says that the bride is 28 years old and that she used to teach in the Sunday school of his father's church at Liberty, Mo., where he first met her. The family seems to be pleased with the marriage. Lucy, a son, attending the ceremony.—Stanford Journal

Rev. Mr. Moffett's two sons spoken of above, are graduates of Central University, and have many friends here.

President King, Farmer's Bank, Brooklyn, Michigan, has used DeWitt's Little Early Risers in his family for years. Says they are the best. These little pills cure constipation, indigestion and all liver and bowel troubles. Perry & Thomas.

New Director Elected.

The Richmond Electric Company met at the office of Judge French, Tuesday night and elected Dr. H. C. Jasper one of the board of directors instead of J. W. Crooke, resigned. The officers now are Dr. J. H. Hanes, President; H. L. Perry, Vice President; vice Tipton, resigned; French Tipton, General Manager; Frank Adams, Sec. and Treasurer; Dr. H. C. Jasper, Director. The officers of the company are actively looking after the welfare of the company and lending every assistance to the temporary receiver to secure the success of the enterprise.

"When our boys were almost dead from whooping cough, our doctor gave One Minute Cough Cure. They recovered quickly. I feel sure that One Minute Cough Cure will cure all colds, coughs, croup, whooping cough, and all throat and lung troubles. Perry & Thomas.

BIRTHS.

GIOVANNOLI.—This is the third time the CLIMAX has notified the citizens of the United States, Porto Rico and the Philippines that the House of Giovannioli has a heir. The Lancaster Record thus pleasantly remarks upon this important historical event:

"We met Harry Giovannioli, local editor of the Advocate, in Danville, Friday, and the clever quip driver wore a smile as he read a letter from Richmond, Va., which said: 'Harry Giovannioli, you are a hero. You have a son. He is a boy and looks just like me.' We tried to extend congratulations but Harry continued to hop about like a hen on a hot griddle and didn't stop to listen. If little Harry grows to be as clever a fellow as his daddy, Mrs. Giovannioli should be very proud of him."

"It did me more good than anything I ever used. My dyspepsia was of months standing; after eating it was terrible. Now I am well, writes R. B. Kenney, of Louisville, Ky. 'I feel that I owe my health to the House of Giovannioli's Dyspepsia Cure. It digests what you eat.' Perry & Thomas.

Several saloon keepers in Manchester, N. H., have adopted a novel method to keep loaves away from the front of their places of business on Sunday. Early every Sunday morning the window sills and door steps are treated to a fresh coat of paint. This prevents the loafers from dropping into an easy position, and they move on to a more inviting resting place.

NEW YORK FASHIONS.

Black underwear is all the rage in Paris.

Tight fitting dresses are being replaced by those with easier and more graceful lines, and artistic drapings.

China crepe and mousseline de soie combine charmingly in a very restful costume shown at Lord & Taylor's.

A dressy autumn mantle is a half-fitting negligee of drab cloth, the front, sleeves and short cape being ornamented with narrow black satin bands cut crosswise.

A walking gown of pastel blue cloth has short vest, corsage cut away in front and opening with wide lapels over a white flannel muslin waist coat.

Boleros, plastrons, slurred fronts and all sorts of dressy appliances appear upon the waists of most every costume except the regulation tail affair.

Full frocks shown by Best & Co., for little girls are much brightened by glimpses of gay plaid silk. They are further enlivened by trimmings of narrow silk or velvet ribbon, sterling buckles and lace appliques.

A pretty little jacket is of smooth broad cloth with short, double breasted box front and light-fitting back with tails.

Immense rosettes appear on Gainsborough blouses, which are worn much tilted over the eyes.

Sable, beaver or Persian lamb may do for the color of a young girl's coat.

EVERLY CABLE.

YOU ARE A DEMOCRAT

and, of course, want a Democratic newspaper. The Chicago Dispatch is the Greatest Democratic Weekly Newspaper of the Country. It advocates the adoption of the platform and the renomination of William Jennings Bryan.

There has never been a political campaign that will equal in importance that of the one to be fought next year. The Republican party, backed by the money power of this country and Europe, is about to aggressiveness. Flushed with the victory of three years ago it will seek by every means in its power to maintain its supremacy.

Democrats must be up and doing. They must wage an unceasing war upon their enemies. In no better and more effective way can this be done than by the circulation of good, sound Democratic newspapers. The publisher of The Chicago Dispatch, will send to every new subscriber for three months a copy of The Chicago Dispatch for ten cents. If you are not already taking this great political weekly, send in ten cents at once. You should not only do this for yourself, but you should induce all your friends to join with you. By a little effort you can easily raise a club of ten or twenty subscribers.

The Chicago Dispatch is Indorsed by William Jennings Bryan and other Democratic leaders.

Address THE CHICAGO DISPATCH, 120 and 122 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

The Richmond Climax.

J. C. CHENNAULT, Proprietor.
A. H. MILLER, Business Manager.
C. B. WOODS, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 11, 1900.

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY BY

The Climax Printing Co.

PRICE PER YEAR, \$1.50.

Call For City Democratic Primary Election.

At a meeting of the Democratic Committee of Richmond, Ky., held on the 20th day of September, 1900, the following resolutions were adopted:

1st. It is resolved that a Democratic Primary Election be held at the various voting precincts in Richmond, Ky., on the 11th day of October, 1900, to select candidates for the November election, 1900, for Councilman and City of Police, and the polls shall be open from 7 o'clock, a. m., to 5 o'clock, p. m., in Richmond, Ky., on the aforesaid day for the aforesaid purpose.

2d. That for the purpose of deferring the names of candidates for said primary election, the candidates who desire to appear in the primary election, on or before the 11th day of October, 1900, to be held in Richmond, Ky., on the aforesaid day, shall be entitled to file their names with the Democratic Committee of Richmond, Ky., on or before the 11th day of October, 1900, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

3d. That said primary election shall be conducted by officers to be hereafter selected by this committee.

4th. The chairman and secretary of this committee are hereby appointed a committee to prepare the ballot for said primary election, and to make all necessary arrangements for holding said election.

5th. It is ordered that all legally qualified voters who consider themselves Democrats, and who will support the nominees of this primary election, and all young men under age of twenty-one years, who will appear in the primary election, on or before the 11th day of October, 1900, to be held in Richmond, Ky., on the aforesaid day, shall be entitled to file their names with the Democratic Committee of Richmond, Ky., on or before the 11th day of October, 1900, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

6th. That the chairman of this committee shall give notice of the election by the copy of this order at each of three voting places in Richmond, Ky., to wit: at the Lexington Hotel, at the Hotel Richmond, and at the Hotel Richmond, on or before the 11th day of October, 1900, at 5 o'clock, p. m.

DUDLEY TRIBLE, Chairman.
R. A. BAXTER, Secretary.

Gov. McCrory, who spoke at

Stamford on Monday, the Stamford Journal says: "Gov. McCrory is doing

valiant service for the ticket and his speech was not to be among the best

and most convincing of the campaign."

Gov. McCrory says he has been

making speeches for thirty years but

has never given more appreciation

to the cause of the Democratic party

than he does now. He says the Democracy of Lincoln is

in a perfect state of enthusiasm, and

that their zeal for the party was never

so great before, even in that banner day

of the old Democratic Lincoln's chickens.

It is to be hoped that no Democracy

will lay aside principle for friendship

and for a Republican to enter

low live and election in Richmond, Ky.

The platform of the two parties are

diametrically opposed to each other

and it is a poor sort of Democracy, if

he really believes in Democratic principles,

who will give aid and encouragement

to the enemy in any way. The

man is nothing, the cause everything.

Vote only for those who espouse your

principles.

The above are our sentiments and we

have with absolute consistency lived

up to them, and we therefore always

take our own medicine, and practice what

we preach. Therefore, Democrats, in

this good year of 1900 get ready for 1900

by supporting every nominee of your

party in 1900. This subscription given

in the foregoing paragraph is from the

pen of Editor William C. P. Breckinridge,

and is a fine example of the Democracy

of twenty years without the enemies of

Democracy without fear or favor.

Editor WILLIAM C. P. BRECKINRIDGE,

is still dictating his editorials in the

Lexington Herald to a stenographer

just as if he were making a public ad-

dress. This is not the kind of country

editors generally, and few others are

favoured by fortune with a pretty type-

writer and a glib tongue. Although Mr.

Breckinridge's editorial are mar-

vels of beauty how can a Brown bather,

good free silver Democrat though he

may be, place any confidence in the

utterances of the man who fought Bryan

in '90 and ran for Congress (that year

under the Republican "Log Cabin")

Billy Breckinridge tonight Bryan be-

cause he loved Democracy! He ran for

Congress that year under the Log Cabin

because he loved Democracy! And now

he is again under the Log Cabin be-

cause he loves Democracy! He has the nom-

inal cloak to declare that the ruin of the

Democratic party in both State and na-

tion will be hastened by the defeat of

all machine nominations.

There you are. Now say that Satan

hasn't turned Saint. This is the same

Billy Breckinridge who old Confeder-

ates contrived here refused to hear lec-

ture at Central University last spring

because he was against Bryan. He is

against Bryan now as well as Gobel

Handsome Invitations in Silver are

to the Old Fashioned Kentucky

Ballroom to be held at Louisville on

October 18, by the Regular Democrats

of Louisville. Fare on railroads one

rate for round trip. Speeches by Bryan,

Blackburn, Gobel, Bob Breckinridge

Blackburn, and John B. Nall. The in-

itation says: "You are also requested

to invite all Democrats and any voters

who will support the nominees of this

primary election, and all young men un-

der age of twenty-one years, who will

appear in the primary election, on or

before the 11th day of October, 1900,

to be held in Richmond, Ky., on the

aforesaid day, shall be entitled to file

their names with the Democratic Com-

mittee of Richmond, Ky., on or before

the 11th day of October, 1900, at 5 o'clock,

p. m.

Furthermore, when you so elegantly

invite upon the "divine right of the

majority," remember that you are vi-

olating that divine doctrine, and ex-

plaining it daily appealing to a small

minority to vote against Mr. Gobel.

You know well that a large majority

of the Democrats of Kentucky have

acquiesced in the nomination of Mr.

Gobel, and that but for the inordi-

nate course you are following to-

day, there would be no doubt what

ever that the Democratic ticket would

be overwhelmingly victorious next

month.

Then, cease to abuse Redwine's

rule publicly while condemning John-

ston's privately; not only preach but

practice submission to the will of the

majority, and employ your energies

on the side of the party that has done it

by you and yours. And next year

your name will not be linked with the

crew of degenerates led by Billy Breck-

inridge, Billy Owens, Billy Beckner,

and other such Billingtons.

READ AS YOU RUN.

[Editorial from Stamford Journal]

True Democrats are so from principle

and are not moved by personal con-

siderations. Vote for the men who up-

hold your principles and are your

party's nominees.

"Gobel first, the rest nowhere," is

the way Mr. S. and J. W. Baughman

saw it in Richmond yesterday. The

Democratic candidate for governor had

3,000 to 6,000 according to various esti-

mates, to hear his splendid speech, while

John S. Sweeney, the preacher-politi-

cian, who is running for Auditor on

the Republican ticket, had just 75 by

actual count. It was a big day for

Democracy there.

And now Col. John W. Yerkes is

going on the racing stump. It must be

against the grain of a decent, well-ed-

ucated man like him to advocate the

election of such an ignoramus as Tay-

lor. His job isn't worth so great a

surrender of independence.

Senator Brinson says in response to

a request that he make speeches for

the party, that he is a party man,

and believes that the judgment of

individual members of the party, as

well as the entire minority, should sub-

mit to the judgment and will of the

majority, whenever expressed in a

proper manner, according to the recog-

nized rules and rules of the party or

quorum, and as a witness to that

principle, he declines to participate in

the proceedings of the convention, he

recalls no fact that would justify him,

even were he so inclined, to repul-

linate the action of that convention

to afford our readers amusement, for

even the reporters knew they were only

trying to catch each other, we append

these extracts from their reports:

"The Commercial said:

"Senator Gobel's crowd on

Main street, while a large one, was

composed largely of Republicans and

Brown men, attracted merely by idle

curiosity. Rev. Sweeney's crowd, on

the other hand, although the side show

was in the courtyard below, was the

neighborhood of 600 or 700."

"Mr. Gobel failed to hold the crowd,

which, but for the addition of those

who came from the speaking up stairs,

would have dwindled to pitiable pro-

portions."

Let us close with the Dispatch:

"Hundreds of Republicans, who, on

falling to gain admission, to the Repub-

lican speaking, contented themselves

by standing off at a distance, viewing

the small crowd, who through life en-

thusiasm, were listening to Mr. Gobel."

"At the conclusion of Major Dar-

win's address he was besieged with

the hearty commendation of the large

crowd who gathered around him and

then filed out of the house to the

Gobel crowd which had now dwindled

to less than 200. The efforts of the

Gobel leaders to magnify the crowd

who heard him was painful, to say the

least."

Lord, have mercy on these liars! No

man who saw that crowd here Monday,

2, ought ever again to open the

Dispatch. A paper which will propa-

gate such falsehoods is unworthy a place

in the U. S. mails. As photographer

Schlegel took two large pictures of the

crowd, there cannot be any doubt that

Annunzio has come back to life and is

deceiving the people who read the

above newspapers."

PERSONAL

Mrs. D. P. Armer leaves to-morrow

for a week's visit to Cincinnati.

Prof. Rice Miller, of Nicholasville, is

visiting his brother, Hugh Miller, this

week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Morrow and son,

of Owensboro, are the guests of Mrs. R. C.

H. Covington.

Miss Hattie McGinnis, of Versailles,

is visiting her sister, Mrs. Jno. R. Bates

on Broadway.

Mrs. Henry L. Perry and daughter,

Dorothy, are visiting relatives in Lex-

ington this week.

Mrs. Robert R. Barrow will receive

this afternoon from 3 to 5, at her beau-

tiful home on the Summit.

Miss Mary Spencer Smith, who has

been visiting Mrs. John Craig and Mrs.

John Yerkes, of Danville, has returned

home.

Mr. J. B. Ager returned to Danvers,

Illinois, after a pleasant visit to his

relatives and brothers in the Million

predicament.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hume and children

have returned from a long visit in the

West. All are looking well and ex-

press themselves greatly pleased with

their trip.

Dr. Chas. E. Smoot, of this city, will

to-day wed Miss Minto Smoot, of

Louisville, and will return to-morrow

and take rooms for the present at the

Hotel City.

Dr. C. B. Britton, wife and son, of

Annapolis, are at Mr. and Mrs. T. E.

Baldwin's. They witnessed the Dover

reception in New York, 12, Britain

being on his own ship the Lancaster,

in the Naval Parade.

"Actions of the Just

Smell Sweet."

The fragrance of life is

vigor and strength, neither of

which can be found in a per-

son whose blood is impure,

and whose every breath

speaks of internal troubles.

Hood's Sarsaparilla purifies,

vitalizes and enriches the

blood, gives a good appetite

and makes the weak strong.

Run Down—"My husband was run

down in health and all tried out. These

excellent medicines, Hood's Pills and Sar-

saparilla, built him up again." Mrs. H. L.

Murray, Towanda, Pa.

Hood's Pills cure liver, bile, and stomach

and are the only medicine to take with

Hood's Sarsaparilla.

He has traveled extensively through

the Republic of Mexico and has

preached on the border line to many

bands of Mexicans. Mr. Roen is for

this winter located with the First

Church in Oklahoma City, Okla.,

and expects in the early spring to set

on a trip around the world. He will

attend the Jubilee Convention at Cin-

cinnati during this month and then ex-

pects to spend a few days visiting his

father's family in this country.

A BOON TO MANKIND!

D^R. TABLER'S BUCKEYE

PILE CURE

DR. TABLER'S BUCKEYE PILE TUBE CURE

ASK DRUGGISTS FOR TABLET'S PILE TUBE INTRUMENTS PRICE 75c.

CURES WITHOUT PAIN. NO BLEEDING. NO SUFFERING. NO WOUND. NO KNIFE.

CURES PILLS ONLY IN TUBES CONTINENT BINDERHORN

A New Discovery for the Certain Cure of INTERNAL & EXTERNAL PILES, WITHOUT PAIN.

CURES WHERE ALL OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

TUBES, BY MAIL, 75 CENTS; BOTTLES, 60 CENTS.

JAMES F. BALLARD, Sole Proprietor, - - 310 North Main Street, ST. LOUIS, MO.

For sale by PERRY & THOMAS, Druggists.



Pittsburg Central Stock Yard

EAST LIBERTY, PA.

OFFER SUPERIOR ADVANTAGES TO SHIPPERS.

Yards have been enlarged and rearranged.
It is the nearest point to the Eastern market.
BEST DISTRIBUTING POINT EAST OF INDIANAPOLIS for Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, New York and Eastern markets.
Good buyers always in attendance for export cattle and other kinds of stock.
Consignments for Commission firms given prompt attention.
PRIVATE HORSE SALES EVERY WEEKDAY.
Simon O'Donnell, General Manager

Madison Monumental Works

ESTABLISHED 1863.

JAMES T. HAMILTON, PROPRIETOR

Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, Statuary and Foreign American Marble and Granite.

FINE WORK A SPECIALTY

Those who are contemplating buying Marble, Granite, or any kind of Cemetery Work, will find it to their interest to call at the old stand in the corner of the M. E. Church on Irvine Street, where they will find constantly on hand a large stock of finished work to select from at prices to suit all classes of buyers. Mr. W. G. TOUCHER, one of the best workmen in Cincinnati, is in charge of our engravings and this means satisfactory work in every respect. Parties living at a distance should write to us for designs which will be furnished on application.

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED.

GOEBEL TAGS THEM.

Tells Bowling Green Audience Something of His Chief Detractors.

Mr. Goebel and Senator Blackburn received an ovation at Bowling Green, where they spoke to 4,000 people. Mr. Goebel made a speech that was marked by some notable personal references.

As Senator Goebel advanced toward the front of the stage the applause was greater and more enthusiastic than any that he or probably any other candidate or speaker has received during this campaign. When finally he was permitted to speak, he said:

Ladies and Gentlemen: I believe this place was picked out by the Hon. John Young Brown to launch the campaign of the bolters against the Democratic party. I wish the Hon. John Young Brown was here today. There was not a single free railroad train; there was not a single free ticket; there was not a single free-lunch ticket to help swell this crowd to such enormous proportions, but every man paid his way to come here. That is the way the Democrats conduct their campaign. The other is the way the L. and N. railroad conducts its campaign.

Tells About Hallam.

My fellow-citizens, before I go into the body of what I have to say, I want to say something about certain statements that were made in this community some weeks since. I never assaulted a man in my life unless he first assaulted me. But I ask no quarter; I fear no foe. There have been distributed broadcast through Kentucky copies of the Louisville Dispatch and the Louisville Post, and if they have left unsaid anything that was mendacious and malignant I should like to know what it is. Some time ago you had in this city Theodore Hallam, of Covington, and he said a good many things about me, also mentioning some of the members of my family. I repeat that I never first assaulted any man, but no man ever crowded me that he didn't get the best I could give him. I have lived for thirty years in the same town with Hallam, where all know about us both. That community has honored me by sending me to the state senate for a period longer than was ever enjoyed by any other man. When Hallam ran against me, his friends at the time controlling the party organization, I beat Hallam with the votes of Democrats in every one of the fifty-two precincts of the county, and also in his home precinct. In one the vote stood 52 to 0. He got 600, and I over 4,300. In other words I beat him 7 to 1, and no doubt if the election were held today, it would be 16 to 1. If the ratio in Kenton county this fall, as between the Democrats and Republicans, is not in a similar ratio, it will not be my fault. Hallam said I had not changed a particle in appearance in twenty years. But I can't say as much for him. If I had been a drunkard and a debauchee, I, too, would have changed and would carry with me a face similar to a piece of cancerous beefsteak. (Loud applause.) He may talk about my brothers, but I never had one in the penitentiary (applause), and that is more than he can say for himself.

And Meyers, Too.

I will tell you what is the matter with Hallam. He and Harvey Meyers, while in the legislature were partners in drawing a monthly stipend from the lotteries. I passed a bill that took from them that stipend. Meyers, while speaker of the Kentucky house of representatives, wrote a letter to Manager Frantz, of the Covington lottery offices, demanding \$200 as a monthly stipend, and I have the original copy of that letter at home. A fac simile of it was once published in a Cincinnati newspaper, and that is one reason why Meyers was not sent back to the legislature, and one reason why he was defeated two years ago for commonwealth's attorney by a vote of 2,000. Meyers aided at the Lexington convention in the nomination of John C. Droege for treasurer, on the L. and N. ticket. Some six years ago

Droege was a member of the board of aldermen in Covington. An attempt was made to extend the franchise of the street railway company, and Droege went before the grand jury and had Meyers indicted for attempting to bribe him to support this ordinance. The case was tried. It was shown at that time that the ordinance had been withdrawn and afterwards reintroduced, and Meyers escaped because the ordinance was not pending at the time Droege swore that the attempt to bribe him was made. The statute applied only with reference to a pending ordinance.

A Hot One for Owens.

And W. C. Owens, of Georgetown, is one of those who have been assailing me. While at Frankfort I did what I could to make it a felony to run a faro bank or roulette table and other gambling devices, and thereby I interfered with Owens' regular business. Of course he does not like it. He became an applicant at the hands of William McKinley for an office as member of the interstate commerce commission, and I suppose his present course indicates that he is getting ready to make another application after this fight is over. And another purificationist is Col.

straight-out Republican, and never will be anything else. These are the men who are attempting to represent the Democracy of Kentucky. The Dispatch is owned by the L. and N. Railroad company, and every free copy of that paper and the Louisville Post is paid for out of the coffers of the L. and N. railroad.

(A voice in the audience, "We know that.")

Senator Goebel took up the subject of the L. and N. railroad and its connection with the present campaign for governor. He read the letter which he received several days ago from August Belmont, the chairman of the L. and N. railroad's board of directors. He wanted to know, after reading it, whether the letter was a bid or a bluff. Commenting upon Mr. Belmont's "repudiation of the truth of Senator Goebel's statements," the speaker remarked that it was the business of the L. and N. railroad officials to repudiate the truth. He told about his so-called hostility toward the L. and N., and said he was particularly anxious to talk to the employees, and not to the managers, of that railroad company. He wanted to talk to the men who were forced in 1896 to march down Main street in Louisville with Gen. Basil W. Duke at their head; to the men to whom Bryan said: "I don't blame you for marching under their banner, as you are doing it to protect your wives and your children, but when you go into the booth on election day vote your sentiments." The speaker then told about the effort of the L. and N. railroad to repeal the law which created the state railroad

trains. Let me explain what is meant by double-headers. It is double the number of cars to one train, to which there are two engines and one crew of men. The employees on the second engine have no chance to escape in case of a wreck. They are boxed up as in a box car, and that is why the employees oppose it. They think their safety outweighs the saving to the railroad company by dispensing with an extra crew. This is the law in some other states, and should be here. If any citizen deserves protection it is the railroad employees. Now if this is unjustifiable hostility, I want to confess my guilt.

"He is dead game," said a voice.) Senator Goebel said that during the strike in 1894 some railroad men were thrown into jail, and he was called upon by the representatives of the railway orders to defend them at Covington. He not only did this but he also went on their bonds, got them acquitted and without charging a fee. He was glad that he had done that, and would do it again. If there was unjustifiable hostility to the roads then he was ready to confess his guilt.

The federal government has an eight-hour employment law, and in the general assembly he had a bill to secure the passage of a law limiting the hours they could be required to serve.

"And I am for such a law," he added. "If I get to be a member I shall continue to favor it, and of the same character, because I believe it is right. If there are railroad employees in this audience, they clearly understand my position on the matter."

("We are here and for a railroad man.")

Continuing, Senator Goebel said that the Louisville Post reported that he was not much of a lawyer. That may be true. But I have many cases against the L. and N. railroad during the past fifteen years, and I never tried a jury case. The L. and N. in my life and mind are being tried against them. They are the people of Kentucky.

("I had one bung jury. It was a poor negro, and was sworn in by himself, and there were no men witnesses against him.")

"The L. and N. railroad," he said, "Republicans have nothing to say upon the Democratic ticket. They stand upon. But when they are tried they will go down. As in 1896, they are using the same old aid in the attacks on the party, but this year they intend that they have won from their coffers."

("I swear everyone or you," said a voice.)

As to Brown's Statement.

Speaking of John Young Brown, Senator Goebel said: "I have known him for many days since that a few days before he was nominated John Young Brown procured the publication of a letter in the Louisville Times in which he state convention his nomination by the very delegates who elected me. I don't care what I said except that I did not get my information from McChord, who refused to answer which I wrote to him about. When Gov. Brown made his nomination from the delegates that nominated me, I myself from complaint. I would have had nominated Brown or Hardin I would have been to march up (loud applause) footlights at Music hall and my friends to support the nomination."

"The contortions of certain politicians make me laugh. They think I was running for governor. Each one thought I ought to be in the nomination to him. John Brown seems to think I sent McChord and Woodson to his office to secure the nomination. But Brown is a man in Kentucky who would not try my level best to get that nomination, and if anybody is mistaken, I will not try to win, he is very mistaken." (Applause and laughter.)

The speaker said that Brown referred to his (Goebel's) record in the silver question. The senator did not like to parade his own acts, but since Brown had referred to them, he would call their attention to some facts. He reviewed his record as a party man,

SENATOR GOEBEL AT LAWRENCEBURG.

At Bowling Green Senator Goebel, replying to some of Theodore Hallam's abuse, stated that one of Hallam's brothers had been in the penitentiary. In his speech at Princeton Friday Hallam attempted to create the impression that Goebel referred to the imprisonment of one of his brothers in a military prison during the war. The Louisville Post and other Republican papers used Hallam's reply as the basis of a charge that Goebel had insulted the Confederate soldiers. Senator Goebel at Lawrenceburg Saturday used this language to make it plainer to Hallam which brother he meant:

"I had something to say in my Bowling Green speech about Theodore Hallam, of Covington. Mr. Hallam had seen fit in his speech at Bowling Green to say something about my family. Among others, he mentioned my brother. I said that I never had a brother in the penitentiary, and that it was something Hallam could not say. I see Hallam said this was true, but that his brother was a Confederate soldier, and was thrown into prison during the war.

"Mark what I now say. Hallam had several brothers, and I want the Confederates to know it was not his brother who was a Confederate soldier that I referred to. It was another brother, one who was convicted of a civil charge. I am incapable of casting any reflection upon a Confederate soldier, as a member of my family was a Confederate soldier, and was thrown into a military prison, and you all know that I am held responsible for bringing about the nomination of that gallant soldier, Robert J. Breckinridge."

W. C. Pollard Breckinridge. I need only to mention his name. And these are the men who are trying to purify politics in Kentucky. You have also read of W. H. Mackoy, of Covington. He was chairman of the Palmer and Buckner and the Hindman committees of Kenton county in 1896 and 1897; he was a member of the board of directors of a turnpike company when I secured the passage of a law which resulted in cutting its tolls in half, and I thereby interfered with his business somewhat. I think you ought to know the reasons that animate these assaults upon me.

L. and N. Hired Organs.

But getting back to the Louisville Dispatch and Post. In 1895 there was a blackmailing paper called Justice, which was published in Louisville; its editor, whose name is George W. Smith, was tried for libel, was convicted and a pardon was refused him by the Republican governor. He was forced to admit in a record filed in the Nelson circuit court that he had lied in his published statements about the Hon. Ben Johnson, of Nelson county. This man Smith is doing most of the political writing for the L. and N. hired morning organ. The president of the Dispatch is Allen R. Carter, who was here Saturday at the bolters' meeting. He voted for Bradley for governor in 1895, and will vote for Taylor this year. The managing editor is Frank Gregory, who was for years chief editorial writer for the Louisville Commercial; he is now a Republican and always was one. The business manager is Albert Deitzman, who for years was business manager of the Louisville Commercial. He is a

commission, and the part which he, as a member of the state senate, took in bringing about the defeat of that repeal measure. There was loud laughter when he mentioned Wilbur F. Browder, of Russellville, as one of the lobbyists who helped Milton H. Smith, E. B. Stahlman, Basil W. Duke and others try to secure the passage of that measure. He wanted to know whether the fact that he denounced the L. and N. lobby in his report to the senate furnished the reason for Browder's hostility to him in this campaign.

("I bet it does," said an enthusiastic Goebelite out in the audience.)

There was much enthusiasm and applause while Senator Goebel was making his points on these railroad matters.

Is Against Double-Headers.

Senator Goebel discussed his fellow-servant bill. He said in explanation that the liability of the railroad corporation to its employees for injury in the service should be the same as it is to the traveler. If through the neglect of an employe a stranger is injured, the company is responsible, but if an employe is injured by another in many cases the company is not responsible. The liability of the company should be the same to the employe who hazards his life every day as it is to the ordinary traveler. "I have several letters," said Senator Goebel, "asking me what was my position with reference to double-headers, and whether I would recommend to the legislature, if elected governor, the passage of a law prohibiting the running of double-headers. I want to state that I am for a law against double-headers on freight

showing his support of Bryan in 1896 and showing his record in the state senate at Frankfort. In the Democratic caucus to nominate a candidate for the United States senate in 1896, without solicitation, he had voted for John Young Brown, and in view of that he particularly regretted Gov. Brown's present course.

("You are the best preacher I have heard in many a day," shouted a voice from the rear of the crowd.)

Mr. Goebel said he was chairman of the Kenton county campaign committee in 1896, and there in the home of John G. Carlisle, there was turned out for Bryan a majority that was 500 votes greater than that which the county gave Cleveland in 1892.

Goebel gave \$700 for Bryan.

The speaker said that during the 1896 campaign, when asked for a contribution to the campaign fund, he gave \$700 in cash.

("That is more than anybody else in the state gave," shouted a voice.)

"I don't know whether any other person in Kentucky gave \$700 for Bryan," said Mr. Goebel, "but if there is one, his name is not John Young Brown." (Applause and laughter.)

Referring again to his record in the state senate, he said he had been credited with preventing the passage of the fusion bill, and if it had passed Brown would now be the candidate for governor under its device and all the other candidates would be Republicans. This bill would have enabled the Republicans and the bolters to make such an arrangement. Mr. Goebel said he was reminded that Brown forgot in his speech here Saturday to mention the Republican party. The speaker proceeded into an arraignment of Republican principles and Republican methods.

Senator Goebel said, addressing himself to any discontented persons who might be present, that if they found any good reasons in the proceedings of the Louisville convention to cause them to oppose anyone, for them not to vote for him, but to vote for the rest of the ticket. "Charge it up to me," he said. "If you think it was not wrong for Whallen, the agent of the L. and N. to gather 300 thugs in a stable ready to take charge of the convention, thereby forcing Chairman Redwine to call upon the police, then charge it all up to me. If you think it was not wrong for the L. and N. to try to break up the convention when it became apparent that I would be nominated; if you think the tin-horn brigade did right in trying to block the proceedings of that convention, charge it all up to me, but vote for the rest of the ticket. Charge it all to me, I say, for, my friends, nobody in Kentucky is better able to stand it than I am."

The enthusiasm of the crowd at the conclusion of this sentence was very great. When the speaker was permitted to proceed, he said:

"Don't fail to send to the legislature from this district a Democratic senator and Democratic representative, because next year the legislature will elect a United States senator to succeed Lindsay, and you want someone sent to Washington who will aid Mr. Bryan. Do that whether you elect me or not, for I don't want to be governor unless that honor shall carry with it the privilege of signing my name to a commission which will entitle J. C. S. Blackburn to a seat in the United States senate."

The enthusiasm when Senator Goebel took his seat was merged into an ovation to Mr. Blackburn.

me, nor am I anxious to advise. But, inasmuch as you have kindly suggested what policy the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company should pursue, I may be permitted to do as much for the Courier-Journal. I can not help thinking that the great newspaper, which thousands have regarded as mentor and guide, might itself do better

than rush with such furious zeal into merely factional politics; and rather than abandon its friends and forget what it formerly taught, cease to concern itself about who shall be governor, who shall be mayor and how shall be administered the petty municipal patronage that it once despised. Very respectfully, MILTON H. SMITH.

CALLING IN THE PASSES.

If there are those who have any doubts whatever that it is the purpose of the L. and N. Railroad company to first muzzle, if it can, the editorial expressions of the newspapers of Kentucky, then to elect its own officers of the law, from governor down, and run the commonwealth to suit its own greedy desires, we call the especial attention to such doubting ones to the following correspondence which has recently taken place between the editor of this paper and the president and assistant superintendent of that road:

LETTER NO. 1.

(Received Aug. 1, 1899.)

Louisville and Nashville Railway Company, President's Office, Milton H. Smith, President, Louisville, Ky., July 26, 1899.

PERSONAL.

Mr. L. J. Oldham, Trenton, Ky.—Dear Sir: During my acquaintance with you, extending over a period of possibly six or eight years, I have always entertained the opinion that you were disposed to be exceedingly friendly to the interests of this company, and acting upon that supposition I have extended courtesies of the company each year to yourself personally, and in fact, furnished you with extraordinary facilities in connection with the publication of your various papers, having possibly done more for your paper in the way of free transportation than any other paper of the same size and importance in the state of Kentucky.

Having had an opportunity of conferring with you so often and talking with you in reference to the policy of this company in dealing with the press, I am sure that such policy is fully understood by you and that you are perfectly well aware of the fact that the company in issuing free transportation to the press does not ask or expect any return for same in the way of advertising, but that it does expect to receive at least fair treatment at the hands of those editors to which it extends its courtesies.

At the same time the management of the company realizes perfectly well that it has no right, and certainly has no desire, to control or influence the editorial expressions of any paper, and realizes fully that you have a perfect right to conduct your newspaper along such lines as may seem best to yourself; but in view of the fact that I knew you were fully advised as to our policy, and that you had accepted the courtesies of the company for many years, I was greatly surprised when my attention was called to the attitude of your paper for the last few weeks, not understanding how you could accept the courtesies of the company and at the same time resort to abuse of its management.

In view of this condition of things, I assume that you do not care to be classed with the friends of the company, and accept its courtesies, and I therefore suggest that you return the complimentary annual pass which was issued in your favor at the beginning of the year. Yours truly,

J. H. RINGGOLD.

REPLY NO. 1.—(Duplicate.)

Office of The Todd County Democrat, L. J. Oldham, Editor and Manager, Trenton, Ky., Aug. 2, 1899.

Mr. J. H. Ringgold, Asst. Supt. L. and N. R. R., Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sir: I do not act upon your "suggestion" and return the railroad pass by this mail for the reason: I judge from the tone of your letter that you have been misinformed relative to my attitude toward your road. I will briefly outline my feelings toward your company at the present time, then if you still desire the pass it shall be forthcoming.

You refer at some length to my former friendship for your company. I assure you that today I am as good a friend to your road, as a commercial

enterprise, as I ever was. I am a friend to any and all commercial enterprises calculated to benefit and develop the best interests of state and nation, and have always regarded the L. and N. as one of the greatest factors in the development of Kentucky and the South. In all my career as a newspaper man in this state I have never once failed to extend any of its officers or agents any courtesy I could. I felt that having accepted courtesies at your hands I was obliged to do so and still so feel. But while I feel thus toward the L. and N. as a commercial enterprise, I feel differently toward it as a political organization. I am a Democrat who has never failed yet in advocating the election of Democratic nominees. Your president, Mr. Smith, has published an open letter in which he says the L. and N. will do all in its power to defeat Goebel and the entire Democratic ticket. Your company, therefore become a political organization, for the time being at least, and as such I am against you to the bitter end. But I have not "abused" you nor your management in any way, neither do I intend to. Abuse and vilification does no one any good. As to the truthfulness of the foregoing statement I am perfectly willing to submit the files of the Democrat in evidence.

In conclusion I wish to say frankly, and candidly that as a political organization endeavoring to defeat the Democratic ticket, which should you succeed, would in my opinion mean the almost total destruction of the Democratic party in Kentucky, I shall oppose you in every legitimate way possible. If you desire the pass because of this opposition, then I am ready, even anxious, to surrender it. If you desire it because the Democrat has been "abusive" of your road and its management, then I deny the charge and the files of my paper will sustain me.

In any event, however, I trust that our relations personally may always be as pleasant as they have been. Very truly,

L. J. OLDHAM.

LETTER NO. 2.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company, President's Office, M. H. Smith, President, Louisville, Ky., Aug. 21, 1899.

Mr. L. J. Oldham, "Democrat," Trenton, Ky.—Dear Sir: Please return to me for cancellation the complimentary annual pass issued in your favor on account of "The Democrat" at the beginning of the year, as it will no longer be accepted for passage. Yours truly,

M. H. SMITH, President.

REPLY NO. 2.—(Duplicate.)

Office of The Todd County Democrat, Trenton, Ky., Aug. 22, 1899.

M. H. Smith, President L. and N. R. R., Louisville, Ky.—Dear Sir: In compliance with your demand of August 21, I return to you the pass by first mail, and it is herewith enclosed.

That the pass has materially benefited me in sustaining the little county paper known as The Democrat, I freely confess, but I had been of the opinion that you accepted in return for it the publication of your time cards, special excursions and other advertising matter which has often appeared in the columns of The Democrat, sent by you and your agents for publication, and for which I have never asked nor received a penny, except in the way of transportation.

From your communication, however, it is clear that you demand more than "courtesies" at my hands for "courtesies" received at your hands. You demand that I surrender freedom of speech or the pass. I give up the pass. The influence of the little paper I edit is not very great, but it takes more than a railroad pass to buy its influence or muzzle its utterances. I prefer walking, thank you, and retaining that God-given privilege of expressing my own sentiments where and when I desire please. Yours truly,

L. J. OLDHAM.

Milton H. Smith's Letter

Milton H. Smith, president of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company addressed the following communication to the editor of the Courier-Journal and it was printed in that paper of July 4:

I can not engage in a controversy with an editor—the odds are too great. Nevertheless, I venture to call in question some of the statements contained in an editorial published in the issue of the Courier-Journal of the 1st, and invite attention to some erroneous conclusions.

The management of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company has never participated in partisan politics. The transportation interest is an important one, and is entitled to the full protection of the law-making, judicial and other departments of government. It is entitled to a hearing, and its representatives have the right to vote; in other words, participate in the government, and, unquestionably, have the right to defend the interests they represent when such interests are attacked. The management of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company has never been active, and has no desire to be active in what is termed "politics," except to protect, so far as possible, these important interests against oppressive legislation and unjust enforcement of the law. It will not be eliminated as a factor in politics when assured by all parties that its interests will be treated fairly and given reasonable protection. It is neither Democratic or Republican.

Senator Goebel has for many years been a successful speculator in damage suits for personal injuries. In the pursuit of this business he is said to have made a fortune. For about fifteen years he has been a legislator, and during that period has exerted himself with more or less success to secure the enactment of legislation unjustly affecting the interests of corporations, and in some instances, adapted to protect his personal interests.

Senator C. C. McChord, having a personal grievance, bas, for that or other reasons, co-operated with Senator Goebel in endeavoring to secure legislation enacted to injuriously and perhaps fatally affect the interests of transportation companies. He has also co-operated with Senator Goebel in endeavoring to secure the enactment of other inimical measures.

These gentlemen, being candidates for offices which, should they be successful, will give them the power to make their enemies effective to the greatest possible injury of important business interests, some of the officers and employees of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company have sought to aid their opponents and endeavored, so far as they could in a proper way, to induce others to do likewise.

The Louisville and Nashville Railroad company has done something for the development of the material interests of the state of Kentucky, and would like to do more. It is trying, as best it can, to furnish facilities for intercourse and for movement of traffic for a considerable portion of the state; and in doing so it renders considerable service at cost, or less than cost, i. e., without compensation. There are other parts of the state having great need of improved transportation facilities which its management would like to provide, although there is, at present, little prospect that it can be done without for many years incurring a direct loss. It has no desire to participate in politics, and if treated fairly by all parties it would not care who is governor of Kentucky, or who is mayor of Louisville.

The foregoing being a brief statement of the facts of the present situation, the question arises, do they justify the Courier-Journal in not only renouncing its former friendly feeling for this company, but in declaring war against it? Because the officers and employees of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company are opposed to the election of Senator Goebel to the office of governor and Senator McChord to the office of railroad commissioner for this district, the Courier-Journal charges that the company has thrown "itself into the field of partisan politics," and is, therefore, no longer entitled to the friendship and support of the Courier-Journal against "unreasonable enemies and mercenary demagogues," but, on the contrary, is deserving of, and must be prepared to receive the enmity of that paper, and is put upon notice that the Courier-Journal will join Goebel and other "unreasonable enemies and demagogues" in destroying its property and in "driving it out of Kentucky politics."

Let me again suggest that the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company will immediately and of its own accord quit politics, so soon as all parties unite in determining that the material interests of the state shall be justly protected and promoted. Until this is done, it will, while abusing no privilege granted it, use all of its legal remedies to assert and maintain its rights. I presume that those who control the Courier-Journal wish no advice from

me, nor am I anxious to advise. But, inasmuch as you have kindly suggested what policy the Louisville and Nashville Railroad company should pursue, I may be permitted to do as much for the Courier-Journal. I can not help thinking that the great newspaper, which thousands have regarded as mentor and guide, might itself do better than rush with such furious zeal into merely factional politics; and rather than abandon its friends and forget what it formerly taught, cease to concern itself about who shall be governor, who shall be mayor and how shall be administered the petty municipal patronage that it once despised. Very respectfully, MILTON H. SMITH.

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